

SDS prepared by Steve Davis of Aardvark Clay & Supplies

GHS - United States

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name TC101 – Tom Coleman Deco White Base

Synonym Ceramic Glaze - dry

Supplier/ Aardvark Clay & Supplies **Manufacturer** 1400 East Pomona St.

Santa Ana, Ca. 92705 USA 714-541-4157 phone 714-541-2021 fax contact@aardvarkclay.com

Emergency Phone Number 911

Product Use Pottery Manufacturing

Restrictions on use Not applicable

Section 2. Hazards Identification

GHS/Hazcom 2012 Labels	GHS/Hazcom 2012 Classifications:		
	Health:		
	CARCINOGENICITY (Inhalation) - Category 1A (quartz) (See Section 11 for carcinogen listings)		
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Repeated Exposure) (respiratory tract) (inhalation) - Category 1 (quartz)		
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Single Exposure) (respiratory tract irritant) - Category 3 (quartz)		
	EYE IRRITANT - Category 2A (quartz)		
	SKIN IRRITANT - Category 2 (quartz)		
	Environmental:		
¥2>	ACUTE HAZARD TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - Category 1 (zinc oxide)		
	CHRONIC HAZARD TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - Category 1 (zinc oxide)		
Signal Word:	Physical:		
Danger	Not Hazardous		

Hazar	Hazard Statements:			
Health	Health:			
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	H316	Causes mild skin irritation.	
H372	Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).	H350	May cause cancer by inhalation.	
Environmental:		Physica	al:	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.		No hazards	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.			

Precau	Precaution Statements:			
Prevention				
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	P284	[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.	
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.	
P260	Do not breathe dust/spray.	P273	Avoid release to the environment.	
P270	Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.			



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Section 2. Hazards Identification

Respo	nse			
P301+	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you		P308+	If exposed or concerned: Get medical
P312	feel unwell.		P313	advice/attention.
P301+	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth.	DO NOT induce	P305+	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several
P330+	vomiting.		P351+	minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to
P331			P338	do – continue rinsing.
P304+	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep		P337+	If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
P340	comfortable for breathing.		P313	
P332+	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.		P391	Collect Spillage.
P313				
Storage		Dispos	al	
P402	Store in a dry place.		P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
P403	Store in a well ventilated place.			local/regional/national/international regulation.
P404	Store in a closed container.		1	
P405	Store locked up.			
Hazard	ls not otherwise classified:	Slippery when wet.	% of in	gredients with unknown acute toxicity: None known.

Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture:

Mixture - A trade secret claim is made for this glaze.

Chemical		CAS Number	Ingredients	Chemical % of Mixture
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2	CAS # 14808-60-7	Kaolin, Feldspar, Silica, Whiting,	<27
			Zircopax	
Kaolinite	Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O	CAS # 1332-58-7	Kaolin	<25
Calcium Carbonate	CaCO3	CAS# 1317-65-3	Limestone (Whiting)	<15
Magnesium Silicate (Talc/non-a	sbestos)	CAS# 14807-96-6	Talc	<10
	Mg3Si4O10(OH)2			
Calcium Magnesium Carbonate	CaMg(CO3)2	CAS # 16389-88-1	Dolomite	<5
Zinc Oxide	ZnO	CAS # 1314-13-2	Zinc Oxide	<5
Zirconium Silicate	ZrSio4	CAS# 14940-68-2	Zircopax Plus	<5

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first-aid Measures:	Description of first-aid Measures:		
First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
	If you feel unwell, seek medical attention.		
First-aid measures after inhalation	Move victim to well ventilated area. If mechanical discomfort persists, seek medical attention.		
First-aid measures after skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with soap and warm water.		
	Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.		
First-aid measures after eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and		
	easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking, or redness persists.		
First-aid measures after ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Unlikely to be toxic by ingestion.		
	If discomfort persists, seek medical attention.		
Most Important Symptoms and Eff	ects, Both Acute and Delayed:		
Symptoms/injuries	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).		
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation.		
	Dust from this product may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.		
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.		
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.		
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or		
	gastrointestinal irritation may result.		
Chronic symptoms	Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung		
	damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing,		
	cough, fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.		

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.



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Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Suitable extinguishing media	This product is not combustible.
	Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No restrictions on extinguishing media for this mixture.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	This mixture is not flammable and does not support fire
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	This mixture does not contain hazardous decomposition products.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Product can become slippery when wet.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Use of personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of dust.
	Wear a N-95 face mask when cleaning up glaze dust.
Emergency procedures	There are no emergency procedures required for this mixture.
Methods and Materials for containment	There are no special spill measures that apply for mixture.
Clean up procedures	For dusts, use a vacuum to clean up spillage.
	If appropriate, use gentle water spray to wet down and minimize dust generation.
	Place waste in a sealed container.
	Wear a N-95 face mask when cleaning up dust.

Section 7. Handling & Storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep bags out of direct sunlight. Do not expose dry glaze to moisture until
	use. Do not expose liquid glaze to freezing.
	Use proper lifting techniques to avoid physical injury.
Recommendations on the conditions for safe storage	No special storage considerations, but keep in a dry, cool location.

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical	CAS Number	Occupational Exposure Limits
Quartz,(Crystalline Silica) SiO2	CAS#14808-60-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.025 mg/ m³ (respirable)
		OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m³/ divided by the value "%SiO2" + 2 (respirable)
		OSHA PEL: TWA 30 mg/m ³ / divided by the value "%SiO2" + 2 (total dust)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .05 mg/ m³ (respirable)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .3 mg/ m³ (total)
Kaolinite Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O	CAS#1332-58-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m³ (respirable) / particulate matter containing no
		asbestos and <1% crystalline silica (respirable)
		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable)
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m³ (total)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/ m³ (respirable)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established (total)
Calcium Carbonate CaCO3	CAS# 1317-65-3	ACGIH TLV: Not Established
		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m³ (total)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m³ (respirable)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/ m³ (total)
Magnesium Silicate (Talc/non-asbestos)	CAS# 14807-96-6	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m³ (respirable)
Mg3Si4O10(OH)2		OSHA PEL: TWA 20 mppcf
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/ m³ (respirable)
Dolomite CaCO3.MgCO3	CAS # 16389-88-1	ACGIH TLV: TWA 10 mg/ m ³
Calcium Magnesium Silicate		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/ m ³
Zinc Oxide ZnO	CAS # 1314-13-2	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m ³
		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m³ (total)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established
Zirconium Silicate ZrSio4	CAS# 14940-68-2	ACGIHTLV: TWA 5 mg/ m ³ (respirable
		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total)
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable)



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Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls: When mixing dry glazes, use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as required to maintain exposures below applicable occupational exposure limits (TLV).

Recommendations for personal protective measures

Local Exhaust: When mixing glazes, use sufficient local exhaust to reduce the level of respirable dust to the applicable standards set forth in Section III - ACGIH "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice," latest edition.

Respiratory Protection: Dust is generated when working with dry glaze. To minimize exposure to dust and/or crystalline silica(quartz), the mixing of dry glaze materials should be conducted with sufficient ventilation. Respirable dust and quartz levels should be monitored regularly. Dust and quartz levels in excess of appropriate exposure limits should be reduced by feasible engineering controls, including (but not limited to) wet suppression, ventilation, and process enclosure. When such controls are not feasible, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators must be worn in accordance with a respiratory protection program which meets OSHA requirements as set forth at 29 CFR1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2-1080 - "Practices for Respiratory Protection".

Eye Protection: Use NIOSH/OSHA approved safety glasses with side shields. Face shields can also be used when mixing dry glaze. Wear tight fitting dust goggles when excessively (visible) dusty conditions are present or are anticipated.

NIOSH recommends that contact lenses not be worn when working with crystalline silica dust.

Skin Protection: Use gloves and/or protective clothing if abrasion or allergic reactions are experienced.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Avoid creating and breathing dust.

Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved dust mask when working in dust conditions - (N-95).

Food, beverages, and smoking materials should NOT be in the work area.

In most cases, a disposable N-95 Particulate Respirator is sufficient.

Persons using ceramic materials should wash thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics.



Protective Clothing Pictograms

N-95 face mask

Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Physical State	Powder
Appearance	Tinted Powder
Odor	None
Odor Threshold	Not Applicable
рН	6-8
Solubility in Water	None
Melting Point	> 1300 °C (>2380°F)
Freezing Point	< 0 °C (<32°F)
Specific Gravity / Relative Density	2.35 g/cc
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Flash Point	Not Applicable
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not Applicable
Decomposition Temperature	Not Applicable
Flammability	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable
Vapor Density	Not Applicable
Explosive Limits	Not Applicable
Viscosity	Not Applicable
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not Applicable
Initial Boiling Point & Boiling Range	Not Applicable

Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity	Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable at standard temperature and pressure. No stabilizers required to maintain chemical stability.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	None known
Incompatible materials	None known
Hazardous decomposition products	None known



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Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Exposure	Inhalation of dust, Ingestion					
Descriptions of the delayed, immediate	Descriptions of the delayed, immediate, or chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure					
Inhalation	Inhalation of high concentrations of glaze dust may cause mechanical irritation and					
	discomfort. Long term exposure may cause chronic effects.					
Eye Contact	Not a primary eye irritant. May cause mechanical irritation.					
Skin Contact/Irritation	Not a primary skin irritant. Not absorbed through skin. May cause dry skin.					
Sensitization	Not a sensitizer					
Ingestion	Not an ingestion hazard. If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or					
	gastrointestinal irritation may result.					
Chronic Effects	Chronic Effects					
OSHA Carcinogen	Lung cancer – Crystaline silica has been classified by OSHA as a human lung carcinogen.					
Mutagenic Effects	None Known					
Teratogenic Effects	None Known					
Developmental Toxicity	None Known					
Effects of Silicosis			Symptoms of Silicosis			
Bronchitis/Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder.			Shortness of breath; possible fever.			
Tuberculosis – Silicosis makes an individual more susceptible t			Fatigue; loss of appetite.			
Scleroderma – a disease affecting skin, blood vessels, joints ar		d skeletal	Chest pain; dry, nonproductive cough.			
muscles.		Respiratory failure, which may eventually lead to death.				
Possible renal disease.						
Remarks	Remarks					
Carcinogenicity	Repeated or long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung					
	damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult			ılt		
	breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.					
	Short term exposure is of little concern.					
Numerical Measures of toxicity	umerical Measures of toxicity None Known					
OSHA, IARC, and NTP Carcinogen Classifications						
Chemical with Carcinogen Potential		С	AS#	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2	CAS # 14808-60-7 Yes Ye		Yes - Group 1	Yes	

Section 12. Ecological Information (non-mandatory)

Ecotoxicity	Contains <5% Zinc Oxide which is a hazardous to the aquatic environment.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5)	None Known	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	None Known	
Products of Biodegradation	None Known	
Toxicity of the products of Biodegradation	None Known	
Bioaccumulation Potential	None Known	
Potential to move from soil to groundwater	None Known	
Other adverse effects	None Known	

13. Disposal Considerations

Personal Protection	Refer to Section 8: "Recommendations for Personal Protective Measures" when disposing of glaze
	waste.
Appropriate disposal containers	Standard waste disposal containers – no specials requirements.
Appropriate disposal methods	Disposal of this product should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. In most cases, this is normal waste disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized. Dispose of non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled.
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.
Physical and chemical properties that may affect disposal	Glaze waste should be placed in a sealed container or in a manner that reduces or eliminates the release of the product. Packaging should be recycled before disposal.
Sewage disposal	Do not dispose of into sinks or toilets. They will clog. Never dispose of this product into a sewer system.
Special precautions for landfills or incineration activities	There are no special precautions for disposal in a landfill. This product is non-combustible and is not suitable for incineration.

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Section 14. Transportation Information

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class	Packing Group Number	Bulk Transport Guidance	Special Precautions
DOT Classification	Not regulated		•	=	=	-
TDG Classification	Not regulated		•	=	=	-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated	ı	ī	-	-	-
IMDG Class	Not regulated	-	-	=	=	-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act - EPA	Quartz and other chemicals are listed in the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory
California Prop. 65	WARNING: This product can expose you to crystalline silica (quartz) which
	is known to the State of California to cause cancer .
	For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov
SARA/Title III (Emergency Planning & Community	This mixture contains no substances at or above the reporting threshold under
Right-to-Know Act)	Section 313, based on available data.

Section 16. Other Information

Definitions

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

IARC means International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP means National Toxicology Program

CAS means Chemical Abstract Service

ACGIH means American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAL-OSHA means California OSHA, most CAL-OSHA standards defer to the federal OSHA standards

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

OSHA PEL means OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit

TWA means Time Weighted Average (average exposure on the basis of an 8h/day, 40h/week work schedule)

TLV means Threshold Limit Value - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

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