

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 28-April-2009

Revision Date 25-April-2019

**Revision Number** 7

1. Identification

Product Name Acetone

#### Cat No. :

# AC423240000; AC423240010; AC423240025; AC423240040; AC423240250; AC423245000

CAS-No Synonyms 67-64-1 2-Propanone

Recommended Use Uses advised against

Laboratory chemicals. Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Acros Organics

One Reagent Lane

Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### <u>Company</u>

Importer/Distributor Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Canada Tel: 1-800-234-7437

#### **Emergency Telephone Number**

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

#### Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification

Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Manufacturer

**Fisher Scientific** 

One Reagent Lane

Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).	
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Target Organs - Kidney, Liver, spleen, Blood.	
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	Category 1
Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation	or cracking

#### Label Elements

Signal Word Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness and dizziness May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation or cracking



#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

## 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component		CAS-No	Weight %	
Aceto	ne	67-64-1	>95	
	4. Firs	st-aid measures		
General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.				
Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minu medical attention.			ne eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get	
Skin Contact	Wash off immedia call a physician.	tely with plenty of water for at leas	t 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,	

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.		
Most important symptoms/effects	None reasonably foreseeable. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause pulmonary edema: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting		
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically		
	5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.		
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Water may be ineffective		
Flash Point	-20 °C / -4 °F		
Method -	Closed cup		
Autoignition Temperature	465 °C / 869 °F		
Explosion Limits Upper Lower Oxidizing Properties	12.8 vol % 2.5 vol % Not oxidising		

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) Formaldehyde Methanol **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters** 

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

<u>NFPA</u> Health 2	Flammability 3	<b>Instability</b> 0	Physical hazards N/A			
	6. Accidental re	lease measures				
Personal Precautions	· ·	quipment. Ensure adequate ver				
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>		ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Should not be released into the environment.				
Methods for Containment and Cle Up		ent material. Keep in suitable, c ition. Use spark-proof tools and	I			
	7. Handling	and storage				
Handling	adequate ventilation. Avoid surfaces and sources of it	n, or on clothing. Wear personal d ingestion and inhalation. Keep gnition. Use only non-sparking to , all metal parts of the equipmer	o away from open flames, hot ools. To avoid ignition of vapors by			

precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Storage

Flammables area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

#### Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 750 ppm STEL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1190 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 2380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 500 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

#### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye ProtectionGogglHand ProtectionWear	es appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.
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Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	As tested under EN374-3
			Determination of Resistance to
			Permeation by Chemicals
 		1.112 1.1 1.41	

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

#### Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. Physical	and chemical properties
Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	sweet
Odor Threshold	19.8 ppm
pH	7
Melting Point/Range	-95 °C / -139 °F
Boiling Point/Range	56 °C / 132.8 °F
Flash Point	-20 °C / -4 °F
Method -	Closed cup
Evaporation Rate	5.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	12.8 vol %
Lower	2.5 vol %
Vapor Pressure	247 mbar @ 20 °C
Vapor Density	2.0
Specific Gravity	0.790
Solubility	Soluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	465 °C / 869 °F
Decomposition Temperature	> 4°C
Viscosity	0.32 mPa.s @ 20 °C
Molecular Formula	C3 H6 O
Molecular Weight	58.08
Refractive index	1.358 - 1.359

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard	None known, based on information available
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents, Strong bases, Peroxides, Halogenated compounds, Alkali metals, Amines
Hazardous Decomposition Product	<b>s</b> Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), Formaldehyde, Methanol
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

### Acute Toxicity

# Product Information

Component Information						
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation			
Acetone	5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15800 mg/kg (rabbit)	76 mg/l, 4 h, (rat)			
		> 7400 mg/kg (rat)				
<b>Toxicologically Synergistic</b> Carbon tetrachloride; Chloroform; Trichloroethylene; Bromodichloromethane;						
Products	Dibromochloromethane; N-nitrosodimethylamine; 1,1,2-Trichloroethane; Styrene;					

Acetonitrile, 2,5-Hexanedione; Ethanol; 1,2-Dichlorobenzene Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure						
Irritation		Irritating to eyes a	nd skin			
Sensitization		No information ava	ailable			
Carcinogenicity		The table below in	dicates whether ea	ach agency has list	ted any ingredient	as a carcinogen.
Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Acetone	67-64-1	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Mutagenic Effects		No information ava	ailable			
Reproductive Effect	S	No information available.				
Developmental Effe	cts	No information available.				
Teratogenicity		No information available.				
STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure		Central nervous system (CNS) Kidney Liver spleen Blood				
Aspiration hazard		No information available				
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed		d Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause pulmonary edema: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting				
Endocrine Disruptor Information		No information available				
Other Adverse Effects		The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.				
		12 Ecol	ogical infor	mation		

12. Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity

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Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Acetone	NOEC = 430 mg/l (algae; 96	Oncorhynchus mykiss: LC50	EC50 = 14500 mg/L/15 min	EC50 = 8800 mg/L/48h
	h)	= 5540 mg/l 96h		EC50 = 12700 mg/L/48h
		Alburnus alburnus: LC50 =		EC50 = 12600 mg/L/48h
		11000 mg/l 96h		_
		Leuciscus idus: LC50 =		
		11300 mg/L/48h		
		Salmo gairdneri: LC50 =		
		6100 mg/L/24h		
Persistence and Degrada	ability Persistence i	s unlikely based on inform	ation available.	
Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No informatio		on available.		

Mobility

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Acetone	-0.24

13. Disposal considerations					
Waste Disposal Methods	thodsChemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.				
Component		RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes		

Acetone - 67-64-1	
Acelone - 67-64-1	
	14. Transport information
DOT	· · · ·
UN-No	UN1090
Proper Shipping Name	ACETONE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	ll
TDG	
UN-No	UN1090
Proper Shipping Name	ACETONE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	
IATA_	
UN-No	UN1090
Proper Shipping Name	ACETONE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No	UN1090
Proper Shipping Name	ACETONE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	11
	15. Regulatory information

#### International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acetone	Х	-	Х	200-662-2	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-2936
											7

#### Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Acetone	Part 4 Substance		

	16. Other information
Prepared By	Regulatory Affairs
	Thermo Fisher Scientific
	Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com
Creation Date	28-April-2009
Revision Date	25-April-2019
Print Date	25-April-2019
Revision Summary	This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS